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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting gunked and cracked ultrasonically tuned blades in an ultrasonic surgical system, comprising the steps of:

applying a drive signal having a <u>an initial</u> drive current level and a <u>an initial</u> drive voltage level to an ultrasonic hand piece/blade using an ultrasonic generator;

obtaining magnitude impedance magnitude data and impedance phase data for the hand piece/blade while continuously driving the hand piece/blade with the drive signal;

comparing the impedance <u>magnitude</u> data to <u>a known value to</u>
determine whether the impedance data is within acceptable limits; and
if the impedance <u>magnitude</u> data is within acceptable limits;
displaying a message on a display of the generator <u>to indicate whether</u>
the blade is acceptable.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of applying the drive signal comprises exciting the hand piece with an ultrasonic signal across a predetermined frequency range.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the predetermined frequency range is from 50 kHz to 60 kHz.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said obtaining step comprises the steps of:

obtaining the magnitude impedance magnitude data and the impedance phase data for at least two excitation levels over a prescribed range.

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5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the prescribed range is from 5mA to 50mA.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said comparing step comprises the step of:
 - comparing at least one of a magnitude of a lowest impedance of the hand piece/blade, a maximum phase between the drive current and the drive voltage, or a blade resonance frequency to at least one of a non-linearity or an evaluation of a continuousness of the <u>impedance</u> data obtained.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 6, further comprising the step of:

displaying a first message on the liquid crystal display, if impedance data at a lower excitation drive level than a previous drive level reveals a minimum impedance magnitude which is less than a minimum impedance magnitude obtained at a higher excitation drive level than the previous drive level; and

displaying a second message on the liquid crystal display, if impedance data at a lower excitation drive level than the previous drive level reveals one of an unchanged minimum impedance magnitude or a minimum impedance at the lower excitation drive level which is higher than the minimum impedance magnitude of the hand piece/blade obtained at the higher excitation drive level.

- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the step of displaying the first message comprises displaying a "Blade Cracked" message on the display.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein the lower excitation drive level ranges from 5mA to 25mA.

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10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7, wherein the higher excitation drive level ranges from 25 mA to 500mA.

- 11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 7, wherein the step of displaying the second message comprises displaying a "Blade Gunked" message on the display.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 7, further comprising the steps of: computing excess heat generated on a sheath of the hand piece/blade.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12, wherein said excess heat is computed by calculating differences between impedance magnitudes.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the difference between impedance magnitudes are displayed during the step of displaying the second message.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12, further comprising the steps of:

at least one of displaying a third message on the liquid crystal display, if said excess heat indicates that the hand piece/blade is hot; or shutting down the ultrasonic surgical system.

- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 15, wherein the step of displaying the third message comprises displaying a "Hot Hand Piece" message on the display.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting gunked and cracked ultrasonically tuned blades in an ultrasonic surgical system, comprising the steps of:

obtaining magnitude impedance magnitude data and impedance phase

data for one of a new blade and a blade having known characteristics; applying a drive signal having a drive current level and a drive voltage level to an ultrasonic hand piece/blade comprising the new blade or the blade having known characteristics using an ultrasonic generator; obtaining impedance magnitude data for the hand piece/blade while continuously driving the hand piece/blade;

comparing the impedance <u>magnitude</u> data of the ultrasonic hand piece/blade to the impedance <u>magnitude</u> data of one of the new blade and the blade having known characteristics to determine whether the impedance <u>magnitude</u> data of the ultrasonic hand piece/blade is within acceptable limits; and

if the impedance data is with acceptable limits; displaying a message on a display of the generator to indicate whether the blade is acceptable.

- 18. (Original) The method of claims 17, wherein the step of applying the drive signal comprises exciting the hand piece with an ultrasonic signal across a predetermined frequency range.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the predetermined frequency range is from 50 kHz to 60 kHz.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 17, wherein said obtaining step comprises the step of:

obtaining magnitude the impedance magnitude data and impedance phase data for at least two excitation levels over a prescribed range.

- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the prescribed range is from 5mA to 50mA.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 17, wherein said comparing step comprises the step of:

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comparing at least one of a magnitude of a lowest impedance, a maximum phase between the drive current and the drive voltage, or a blade resonance frequency to at least one of a non-linearity and or an evaluation of a continuousness of the <u>impedance</u> data obtained.

23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 22, further comprising the step of:

displaying a first message on the display, if impedance data at a lower excitation drive level than a prior drive level reveals a minimum impedance magnitude which is less than a minimum impedance magnitude obtained at a higher excitation drive level than the prior drive level; and

displaying a second message on the display, if any impedance data sweep at a lower excitation level reveals one of a an unchanged minimum impedance magnitude or a higher minimum impedance at the lower excitation level which is higher than the minimum impedance magnitude obtained of the hand piece/blade at the higher excitation drive level.

- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the step of displaying the first message comprises displaying a "Blade Cracked" message on the display.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 23, wherein the lower excitation <u>drive</u> level ranges from 5mA to 25mA.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 23, wherein the higher excitation drive level ranges from 25 mA to 500mA.

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- 27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 23, wherein the step of displaying the second message comprises displaying a <u>an</u> "Extent of Gunk" message on the display.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 23, further comprising the step of:

computing excess heat generated on a sheath of the hand piece/blade.

- 29. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 28, wherein said excess heated heat is computed by calculating differences between all measured impedance magnitudes.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 29, wherein the differences between <u>all measured</u> impedance magnitudes are displayed during the step of displaying the second message.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28, further comprising the steps of:

at least one of displaying a third message on the display, if said excess heat indicates that the hand piece/blade is hot; or shutting down the ultrasonic surgical system.

- 32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the step of displaying the third message comprises displaying a "Hot Hand Piece" message on the display.
- 33. (Withdrawn) A method for determining a damping level of a hand piece/blade in an ultrasonic system, comprising the steps of: applying a drive signal to a transducer of a hand piece/blade; halting the drive signal briefly;

measuring piezo self-generated energy of the hand piece/blade; measuring a relative dampening of the hand piece/blade; Application No.: 09/930,104 9 Docket No.: 02640/100G826-US1

determine blade motion status using blade characteristics; and calculating a damping level of the hand piece/blade using one of a time period required for the blade characteristics to stop changing and a speed at which the blade characteristics change.

34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 33, wherein the step of measuring the relative dampening of the hand piece/blade; comprises the step of: performing sequential time measurements of the hand piece/blade characteristics;

wherein the characteristics of the hand piece/blade is at least one of impedance, voltage, current and capacitance.

35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34, wherein said performing step comprises the step of:

determining a valid frequency with which to measure the characteristics which are not corrupted by unwanted resonances; driving the hand piece/blade at resonance and abruptly removing the drive signal; and

measuring the characteristics at least once over a period of time.

- 36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 35, wherein the period of time is three hundred milliseconds.
- 37. (Withdrawn) A method for determining a relative dampening level of a blade in an ultrasonic system, comprising the steps of:

driving a hand piece/blade using an ultrasonic generator; performing frequency domain measurements of the hand piece/blade to obtain frequency domain data;

comparing the frequency domain data to a predetermined threshold; and

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if the frequency domain data is less than the predetermined level,

displaying a message on a liquid crystal display of the generator.

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38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein the step of displaying the message comprises displaying a "Hand Piece Gunked" message and displaying a level of hand piece/blade damping on the liquid crystal display.

- 39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein the predetermined level is approximately 45 ohms.
- 40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein the measurements are obtained when at least one of initiated by a user and automatically when an impedance of the hand piece/blade is distinctly low.
- 41. (Withdrawn) A method for determining relative level of dampening of a hand piece/blade in an ultrasonic system, comprising the steps of:

driving the hand piece/blade at a first signal level using an ultrasonic generator;

determining a first time for the hand piece/blade to reach a resonance plateau;

removing the drive signal from the hand piece/blade;

driving the hand piece/blade at a second signal level using the ultrasonic generator;

determining a second time for the hand piece/blade to reach the resonance plateau;

comparing the first time to the second time;

if the first time is substantially greater than the second time, displaying a first message on a liquid crystal display of the generator; and if the first time is approximately equal to the second time; displaying a second message on a liquid crystal display of the generator.

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- 42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein the first message is a "Blade Gunked" message.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein the second message is a "Blade is Good" message
- 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein the first signal level is approximately one of 282 mA peak and 200 mA RMS.
- 45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein the second signal level is approximately one of 564 mA peak and 425 mA RMS.